- (vi) Periodic review and joint planning for changes in the agreements;
- (vii) Continuous liaison between the parties, including designation of State and local liaison staff; and
- (viii) Joint evaluation of policies that affect the cooperative work of the parties.
- (e) Federal financial participation. FFP is available in expenditures for Medicaid services provided to recipients through an arrangement under this section.

§ 431.620 Agreement with State mental health authority or mental institutions.

- (a) Basis and purpose. This section implements section 1902(a)(20)(A) of the Act, for States offering Medicaid services in institutions for mental diseases for recipients aged 65 or older, by specifying the terms of the agreement those States must have with other State authorities and institutions. (See part 41, subpart C of this chapter for regulations implementing section 1902(a)(20) (B) and (C).)
- (b) *Definition.* For purposes of this section, an "institution for mental diseases" means an institution primarily engaged in providing diagnosis, treatment, or care of persons with mental diseases. This includes medical attention, nursing care, and related services.
- (c) State plan requirement. A State plan that includes Medicaid for persons aged 65 or older in institutions for mental diseases must provide that the Medicaid agency has in effect a written agreement with—
- (1) The State authority or authorities concerned with mental diseases; and
- (2) Any institution for mental diseases that is not under the jurisdiction of those State authorities, and that provides services under Medicaid to recipients aged 65 or older.
- (d) Provisions required in an agreement. The agreement must specify the respective responsibilities of the agency and the authority or institution, including arrangements for—
- (1) Joint planning between the parties to the agreement;
- (2) Development of alternative methods of care:

- (3) Immediate readmission to an institution when needed by a recipient who is in alternative care:
- (4) Access by the agency to the institution, the recipient, and the recipient's records when necessary to carry out the agency's responsibilities;
- (5) Recording, reporting, and exchanging medical and social information about recipients; and
- (6) Other procedures needed to carry out the agreement.

[44 FR 17935, Mar. 23, 1979]

§ 431.621 State requirements with respect to nursing facilities.

- (a) Basis and purpose. This section implements sections 1919(b)(3)(F) and 1919(e)(7) of the Act by specifying the terms of the agreement the State must have with the State mental health and mental retardation authorities concerning the operation of the State's preadmission screening and annual resident review (PASARR) program.
- (b) State plan requirement. The State plan must provide that the Medicaid agency has in effect a written agreement with the State mental health and mental retardation authorities that meets the requirements specified in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (c) Provisions required in an agreement. The agreement must specify the respective responsibilities of the agency and the State mental health and mental retardation authorities, including arrangements for—(1) Joint planning between the parties to the agreement;
- (2) Access by the agency to the State mental health and mental retardation authorities' records when necessary to carry out the agency's responsibilities; (3) Recording, reporting, and ex-
- (3) Recording, reporting, and exchanging medical and social information about individuals subject to PASARR;
- (4) Ensuring that preadmission screenings and annual resident reviews are performed timely in accordance with §§ 483.112(c) and 483.114(c) of this part;
- (5) Ensuring that, if the State mental health and mental retardation authorities delegate their respective responsibilities, these delegations comply with §483.106(e) of this part;
- (6) Ensuring that PASARR determinations made by the State mental

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health and mental retardation authorities are not countermanded by the State Medicaid agency, except through the appeals process, but that the State mental health and mental retardation authorities do not use criteria which are inconsistent with those adopted by the State Medicaid agency under its approved State plan;

(7) Designating the independent person or entity who performs the PASARR evaluations for individuals

with MI; and

(8) Ensuring that all requirements of §§ 483.100 through 483.136 are met.

[57 FR 56506, Nov. 30, 1992; 58 FR 25784, Apr. 28 1993]

§ 431.625 Coordination of Medicaid with Medicare part B.

- (a) Basis and purpose. (1) Section 1843(a) of the Act requires the Secretary to have entered into an agreement with any State that requested that agreement before January 1, 1970, or during calendar year 1981, under which the State could enroll certain Medicare-eligible recipients under Medicare Part B and agree to pay their premiums.
- (2) Section 1902(a)(10) of the Act (in clause (II) following subparagraph (D)), allows the State to pay the premium, deductibles, cost sharing, and other charges for recipients enrolled under Medicare Part B without obligating itself to provide the range of Part B benefits to other recipients; and
- (3) Section 1903 (a)(1) and (b) of the Act authorizes FFP for State payment of Medicare Part B premiums for certain recipients.
 - (4) This section—
- (i) Specifies the exception, relating to Part B coverage, from the requirement to provide comparable services to all recipients; and
- (ii) Prescribes FFP rules concerning State payment for Medicare premiums and for services that could have been covered under Medicare.
- (5) Section 1902(a)(15) of the Act requires that if a State chooses to pay only a portion of deductibles, cost sharing or other charges for recipients enrolled under Medicare Part B, the portion that is to be paid by a Medicaid recipient must be reasonably related to the recipient's income and resources.

- (b) Exception from obligation to provide comparable services; State plan requirement. (1) The State's payment of premiums, deductibles, cost sharing, or similar charges under Part B does not obligate it to provide the full range of Part B services to recipients not covered by Medicare.
- (2) The State plan must specify this exception if it applies.
- (c) Effect of payment of premiums on State liability for cost sharing. (1) State payment of Part B premiums on behalf of a Medicaid recipient does not obligate it to pay on the recipient's behalf the Part B deductible and coinsurance amounts for those Medicare Part B services not covered in the Medicaid State plan.
- (2) If a State pays on a recipient's behalf any portion of the deductible or cost sharing amounts under Medicare Part B, the portion paid by a State must be reasonably related to the recipient's income and resources.
- (d) Federal financial participation: Medicare Part B premiums—(1) Basic rule. Except as provided in paragraph (d)(2) of this section, FFP is not available in State expenditures for Medicare Part B premiums for Medicaid recipients unless the recipients receive money payments under title I, IV-A, X, XIV, XVI (AABD or SSI) of the Act, or State supplements as permitted under section 1616(a) of the Act, or as required by section 212 of Pub. L. 93-66.
- (2) Exception. FFP is available in expenditures for Medicare Part B premiums for the following groups:
- (i) AFDC families required to be covered under §§ 435.112 and 436.116 of this subchapter, those eligible for continued Medicaid coverage despite increased income from employment;
- (ii) Recipients required to be covered under §§ 435.114, 435.134, and 436.112 of this subchapter, those eligible for continued Medicaid coverage despite increased income from monthly insurance benefits under title II of the Act;
- (iii) Recipients required to be covered under §435.135 of this subchapter, those eligible for continued Medicaid coverage despite increased income from cost-of-living increases under title II of the Act;
- (iv) Recipients of foster care maintenance payments or adoption assistance